

Endothelial nitric oxide synthase gene polymorphisms and essential hypertension in Han Chinese

H.G. Wang^{1*}, J.L. Wang^{2,3*}, P. Chang¹, F.L. Cao⁴, X.C. Liu¹, Y.B. Ma¹, G.X. Zhai⁵ and H.Q. Gao⁶

¹Department of Pharmacy, Qilu Hospital, Shandong University, Jinan, China
²Department of Emergency, Qilu Hospital, Shandong University, Jinan, China
³Key Laboratory of Cardiovascular Remodeling and Function Research Affiliated to Ministry of Education of the P.R. China and Ministry of Health of the P.R. China, Shandong University, Jinan, China
⁴School Infirmary, Shandong University, Jinan, China
⁵Department of Pharmaceutics, School of Pharmacy, Shandong University, Jinan, China
⁶Department of Gerontology, Qilu Hospital, Shandong University, Jinan, China

*These authors contributed equally to this study. Corresponding author: H.Q. Gao E-mail: sdwfbf@163.com

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ABSTRACT. We examined the effect of polymorphisms in the endothelial nitric oxide synthase gene on the risk for essential hypertension in a Han Chinese population through a meta-analysis of data from 15 studies. Associations between increased risk for essential hypertension and 4b/a were obtained in a dominant model and allele contrast (aa + ab vs bb: odds ratio $(OR)_{FE} = 1.26, 95\%$ confidence interval (CI) = 1.10-1.44; a vs b allele: $OR_{FE} = 1.23, 95\%$ CI: 1.09-1.40). Four studies with sample sizes over 500 produced similar results. No evidence of publication bias was found. Also, no significant heterogeneity was observed among these studies. When we examined

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the G894T polymorphism, we found a marginally significant association for allele contrast and the recessive model when all the eligible studies were pooled together. However, there was no evidence for a significant association after the exclusion of two studies deviating from Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium in the control group. Heterogeneity among studies was observed. Results of cumulative and recursive cumulative meta-analysis indicated that more studies are needed to objectively determine the effects of these two polymorphisms.

Key words: Endothelial nitric oxide synthase; Polymorphism; Meta-analysis; Essential hypertension

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